



INDICATOR

Percent of young adults, aged 18-25, who have any mental illness.

Numerator	Number of young adults with a diagnosis of any mental illness
Denominator	Young adults aged 18 to 25

DESCRIPTION

This metric shows the percent of young adults with any mental illness, which is defined as having "a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder."

IMPORTANCE

Tracking prevalence of mental illness across time may also help identify how policies and programs affect rates of treating or preventing mental illness in a population. The National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) is the most comprehensive national survey to ask about mental illness for the purposes of gathering a statewide estimate, and has comprehensive survey methodology in place to ensure quality.

LIMITATIONS

- Knowing the number of young people with a diagnosable mental illness increases an understanding of the breadth of the issue of children's mental health in Wisconsin.
- The NSDUH does not include homeless populations, non-civilians, or those in institutions such as jails or hospitals.
- Tracking prevalence is particularly unreliable for difficult-to-diagnose diseases such as most mental illnesses, and is likely to be under-diagnosed and under-reported.
- NSDUH does not provide information about severity of mental illness.

ADDITIONAL ANALYSES

Wisconsin Analyses

Rates of mental illness are higher for 18-25 year old in Wisconsin at 22.4%, compared to 18.1% of individuals 26 and older who are diagnosed with a mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder. In 2014/2015, 5.3% of 18-25 year olds in Wisconsin had a serious mental illness.

National Analyses

Rates of mental illness are higher for 18-25 year old in the US at 20.9%, compared to 17.5 of individuals 26 and older who are diagnosed with a mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder. In 2014/2015, 4.9% of 18-25 year olds in the US had a serious mental illness.

SOURCE

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. (2015). 2014-2015 NSDUH State Prevalence Estimates [Data table]. Retrieved from https://www.samhsa.gov/samhsa-data-outcomes-quality/major-data-collections/state-reports-NSDUH-2015.

NEGATIVE OUTCOMES

Mental Illness in Young Adults

YEAR: 2014/2015				
wi	US	Best	Worst	
22.4%	20.9%	16.4%	28.0%	
		MS	NH	
PAST YEAR:		013/2014		
WI	US			
20.1%	19.8%			